Standards Social Studies Grades K-12 State Capitol

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General Tour	Rally 'Round the Flag	Taking Issue	Voice of the People

G	Standards					
Grade	Strand	Sub-Strand	Standard	Code		
	1. Citizenship and Government	1.Civic Skills	1. Democratic government depends on informed and engaged citizens who exhibit civic skills and values, practice civic discourse, vote and participate in elections, apply inquiry and analysis skills, and take action to solve problems and shape public policy.	0.1.1.1.1	X	
K		2. Civic Values and Principles of Democracy	2. The civic identity of the United States is shaped by historical figures, places and events, and by key foundational documents and other symbolically important artifacts.	0.1.2.2.1	X	
	4. History	1. Historical Thinking Skills	2. Historical inquiry is a process in which multiple sources and different kinds of historical evidence are analyzed to draw conclusions about how and why things happened in the past.	0.4.1.2.1	х	
1	1. Government and Citizenship	1.Civic Skills	1. Democratic government depends on informed and engaged citizens who exhibit civic skills and values, participate in civic discourse, vote and participate in elections, apply inquiry and analysis skills, and take action to solve problems and shape public policy.	1.1.1.1.1	х	

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1	4. History 4. History	1. Historical Thinking Skills 2. Peoples, Cultures, and Change Over Time	 2. Historical inquiry is a process in which multiple sources and different kinds of historical evidence are analyzed to draw conclusions about how and why things happened in the past. 4. The differences and similarities of cultures around the world are attributable to their diverse origins and histories, and interactions with other 	1.4.1.2.1 1.4.1.2.2 1.4.2.4.1 1.4.2.4.2	x
			cultures throughout time.		
2	1. Government and Citizenship	1.Civic Skills	1. Democratic government depends on informed and engaged citizens who exhibit civic skills and values, participate in civic discourse, vote and participate in elections, apply inquiry and analysis skills, and take action to solve problems and shape public policy.	2.1.1.1.1	X
3	1. Government	1. Civic Skills	1. Democratic government depends on informed and engaged citizens who exhibit civic skills and values, participate in civic discourse, vote and participate in elections, apply inquiry and analysis skills, and take action to solve problems and shape public policy.	3.1.1.1.1	x
3	and Citizenship	2. Civic Values and Principles of Democracy	3. The United States is based on democratic values and principles that include liberty, individual rights, justice, equality, the rule of law, limited government, common good, popular sovereignty, majority rule, and minority rights.	3.1.2.3.1	X

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		4. Governmental Institutions and Political Processes	7. The United States government has specific functions that are determined by the way that power is delegated and controlled among various bodies: the three levels of government (federal, state, local) and the three branches (legislative, executive, judicial.)	3.1.4.7.1 3.1.4.7.2	x
	1. Government and Citizenship	1. Civic Skills	1. Democratic government depends on informed and engaged citizens who exhibit civic skills and values, participate in civic discourse, vote and participate in elections, apply inquiry and analysis skills, and take action to solve problems and shape public policy.	4.1.1.1	X
4		4. Governmental Institutions and Political Processes	7. The United States government has specific functions that are determined by the way that power is delegated and controlled among various bodies: the three levels of government (federal, state, local) and the three branches (legislative, executive, judicial.)	4.1.4.7.1 4.1.4.7.2	x
	1.	1. Civic Skills	1. Democratic government depends on informed and engaged citizens who exhibit civic skills and values, participate in civic discourse, vote and participate in elections, apply inquiry and analysis skills, and take action to solve problems and shape public policy.	5.1.1.1.1 5.1.1.1.2	X
5	Government and Citizenship	4. Governmental Institutions and Political Processes	7. The United States government has specific functions that are determined by the way that power is delegated and controlled among various bodies: the three levels of government (federal, state, local) and the three branches (legislative, executive, judicial.)	5.1.4.7.1 5.1.4.7.2 5.1.4.7.3	XX

5	1. Government and Citizenship	4. Governmental Institutions and Political Processes	8. The primary purposes of rules and laws within the United States constitutional government are to protect individual rights, promote the general welfare, and provide order.	5.1.4.8.1	X	
	1. Government and Citizenship	1. Civic Skills	1. Democratic government depends on informed and engaged citizens who exhibit civic skills and values, participate in civic discourse, vote and participate in elections, apply inquiry and analysis skills, and take action to solve problems and shape public policy.	6.1.1.1.1 6.1.1.1.2 6.1.1.1.3	X	
6		3. Rights and Responsibilities	5. Individuals in a republic have rights, duties, and responsibilities.	6.1.3.5.1	X	
	4		6. Citizenship and its rights and duties are established by law.	6.1.3.6.1		
	1. Government and Citizenship	4. Governmental Institutions and Political Processes	7. The United States government has specific functions that are determined by the way that power is delegated and controlled among various bodies: the three levels of government (federal, state, local) and the three branches (legislative, executive, judicial.)	6.1.4.7.1 6.1.4.7.2 6.1.4.7.3 6.1.4.7.4 6.1.4.7.5 6.1.4.7.6 6.1.4.7.7	X X X X X	

6	4. History	4. U.S. History	16. Rivalries among European nations and their search for new opportunities fueled expanding global trade networks and, in North America, colonization and settlement and the exploitation of indigenous peoples and lands; colonial development evoked varied responses by indigenous nations, and produced regional societies, economies that included imported slave labor, and distinct forms of local government. (Era: Colonization and Settlement, 1585-1763)	6.4.4.16.1	X		
			18. Economic expansion and the conquest of indigenous and Mexican territory spurred the agricultural and industrial growth of the United States; led to increasing regional, economic, and ethnic divisions; and inspired multiple reform movements. (Era: Expansion and Reform, 1792-1861)	6.4.4.18.1 6.4.4.18.2 6.4.4.18.3	XXX		
6	4. History	4. U.S. History	19.Regional tensions around economic development, slavery, territorial expansion, and governance resulted in a civil war and a period of Reconstruction that led to the abolition of slavery, a more powerful federal government, a renewed push into indigenous nations' territory and continuing conflict over racial relations. (Era: Civil War and Reconstruction, 1850-1877)	6.4.4.19.1 6.4.4.19.2 6.4.4.19.3	XXX	X X X	

		Civic Skills Rights and	1. Democratic government depends on informed and engaged citizens who exhibit civic skills and values, participate in civic discourse, vote and participate in elections, apply inquiry and analysis skills, and take action to solve problems and shape public policy. 6. Citizenship and its rights	7.1.1.1.1	X		X
	1.	Responsibilities	and duties are established by law.	7.1.3.6.2			
7	Government and Citizenship	4. Governmental Institutions and Political Processes	7. The United States government has specific functions that are determined by the way that power is delegated and controlled among various bodies: the three levels of government (federal, state, local) and the three branches (legislative, executive, judicial.)	7.1.4.7.1	X		х
			8. The primary purposes of rules and laws within the United States constitutional government are to protect individual rights, promote the general welfare, and provide order.	7.1.4.8.1 7.1.4.8.2	X		
			10. Free and fair elections are key elements of the United States political system.	7.1.4.10.1	X		
	2. Economics	1. Economic Reasoning Skills	1. People make informed economic choices by identifying their goals, interpreting and applying data, considering the short- and long-run costs and benefits of alternative choices, and revising their goals based on their analysis.	7.2.1.1.1			X
	4. History	4. U.S. History	19. Regional tensions around economic development, slavery, territorial expansion, and governance resulted in a Civil War and a period of	7.4.4.19.1 7.4.4.19.2 7.4.4.19.3		X	

			Reconstruction that led to the abolition of slavery, a more powerful federal government, a renewed push into indigenous nations' territory and continuing conflict over racial relations. (Era: Civil War and Reconstruction, 1850-				
8	1. Citizenship and Government	1. Civic Skills	1. Democratic government depends on informed and engaged citizens who exhibit civic skills and values, practice civic discourse, vote and participate in elections, apply inquiry and analysis skills and take action to solve problems and shape public policy.	8.1.1.1.1	x	X	
	2. Economics	1. Economic Reasoning Skills	1. People make informed economic choices by identifying their goals, interpreting and applying data, considering the short-and long-run costs and benefits of alternative choices and revising their goals based on their analysis.	8.2.1.1.1		Х	
9 10 11	1. Citizenship	1. Civic Skills	1. Democratic government depends on informed and engaged citizens who exhibit civic skills and values, practice civic discourse, vote and participate in elections, apply inquiry and analysis skills and take action to solve problems and shape public policy.	9.1.1.1.1 9.1.1.1.2 9.1.1.1.3 9.1.1.1.4	X		x x
12	and Government	2. Civic Values and Principles of Democracy	2. The United States is based on democratic values and principles that include liberty, individual rights, justice, equality, the rule of law, limited government, common good, popular sovereignty, majority rule and minority rights.	9.1.2.2.1 9.1.2.2.2	x		

9 10 11 12	1. Citizenship and Government	2. Civic Values and Principles of Democracy	3. The United States is based on democratic values and principles that include liberty, individual rights, justice, equality, the rule of law, limited government, common good, popular sovereignty, majority rule and minority rights.	9.1.2.3.1 9.1.2.3.2 9.1.2.3.3	x		
		3. Rights and Responsibilities	4. Individuals in a republic have rights, duties and responsibilities.	9.1.3.4.1 9.1.3.4.2 9.1.3.4.3 9.1.3.4.4 9.1.3.4.5			x
		4. Governmental Institutions & Political Processes	6. The United States government has specific functions that are determined by the way that power is delegated and controlled among various bodies: the three levels (federal, state, local) and the three branches (legislative, executive, judicial) of government.	9.1.4.6.1 9.1.4.6.2 9.1.4.6.3 9.1.4.6.4 9.1.4.6.5 9.1.4.6.7 9.1.4.6.8 9.1.4.6.9	X X X		x x x